# Stormwater and the Construction Industry



Silt Fencing

## **Protect Natural Features**



- · Minimize clearing.
- · Minimize the amount of exposed soil
- · Identify and protect areas where existing vegetation, such as trees, will not be disturbed by construction activity.
- · Protect streams, stream buffers, wild woodlands, wetlands, or other sensitive areas from any disturbance or construction activity by fencing or otherwise clearly marking these areas.

# **Construction Phasing**



- Sequence construction activities so that the soil is not exposed for long periods of time.
- · Schedule or limit grading to small areas.
- · Install key sediment control practices before site grading begins.
- · Schedule site stabilization activities, such as landscaping, to be completed immediately after the land has been graded to its final contour.

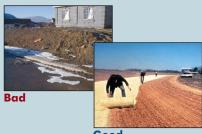
# **Vegetative Buffers**





- · Protect and install vegetative buffers along waterbodies to slow and filter stormwater runoff
- · Maintain buffers by mowing or replanting periodically to ensure their effectiveness.

## Site Stabilization



· Vegetate, mulch, or otherwise stabilize all exposed areas as soon as land alterations have been completed.

# Maintain your BMPs!

www.epa.gov/npdes/menuofbmps





# **Construction Entrances**

Good · Inspect and maintain silt fences after each rainstorm.

· Don't place silt fences in the middle of a waterway or use them as · Make sure stormwater is not flowing around the silt fence.

· Make sure the bottom of the silt fence is buried in the ground.

· Securely attach the material to the stakes.



Good

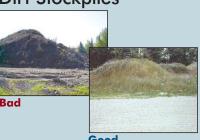
- · Remove mud and dirt from the tires of construction vehicles before they enter a paved roadway.
- · Properly size entrance BMPs for all anticipated vehicles.
- · Make sure that the construction entrance does not become buried in soil.

# Slopes



- · Rough grade or terrace slopes.
- Break up long slopes with sediment barriers, or under drain, or divert stormwater away from slopes.

# **Dirt Stockpiles**



Good

· Cover or seed all dirt stockpiles.

# **Storm Drain Inlet Protection**



- · Use rock or other appropriate material to cover the storm drain inlet to filter out trash and debris.
- · Make sure the rock size is appropriate (usually 1 to 2 inches in diameter)
- · If you use inlet filters, maintain them regularly.

